



**ZigBee**<sup>®</sup>  
Control your world



## The ZigBee<sup>®</sup> RF4CE standard New application scenarios

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# Remote Controls: Past/Present/Future

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- **Wireless remote controls exist for many decades**
- **Infrared technology is standard for consumer electronic devices since the 80's**
  - ... Nothing really new for more than 20 years?
- **RF technology available since a few years**
- **No real standard so far ...**



# Remote Controls: Infrared

## **Infrared technology**

➤ **is established and cheap**

**But:**

**... has short range**

**... needs line-of-sight**

**... allows only one-way communication**

**... needs more energy**

**... is not secure**



# Remote Controls: ZigBee RF4CE

## RF4CE technology

➤ is a bit more complex and not low cost yet

**But:**

... has long range and wall penetration

... needs no line-of-sight

... uses two-way communication

... has ultra-low power consumption

... offers 128-bit AES security

**And:**

➤ is a certified standard supported by multiple vendors



# The ZigBee RF4CE Standard

- **RF4CE stands for „Radio frequency for consumer electronics“**
- **Based on initial specification from the RF4CE consortium:**
  - Panasonic, Philips, Samsung and Sony
- **Since early 2009 maintained by the ZigBee alliance**
- **Version 1.00 released in March 2009, downloadable from ZigBee alliance**
- **Certified end products will carry this logo:**





# ZigBee RF4CE – device roles & topologies

- **Consumer electronics primarily consist of a device that controls and one or more devices that are controlled.**
- **ZigBee RF4CE defines two primary roles:**

## **I. Target node**

- **PAN coordinator, defines network parameters, starts network**
- **Decides about pairing with other nodes**
- **Controls frequency agility**



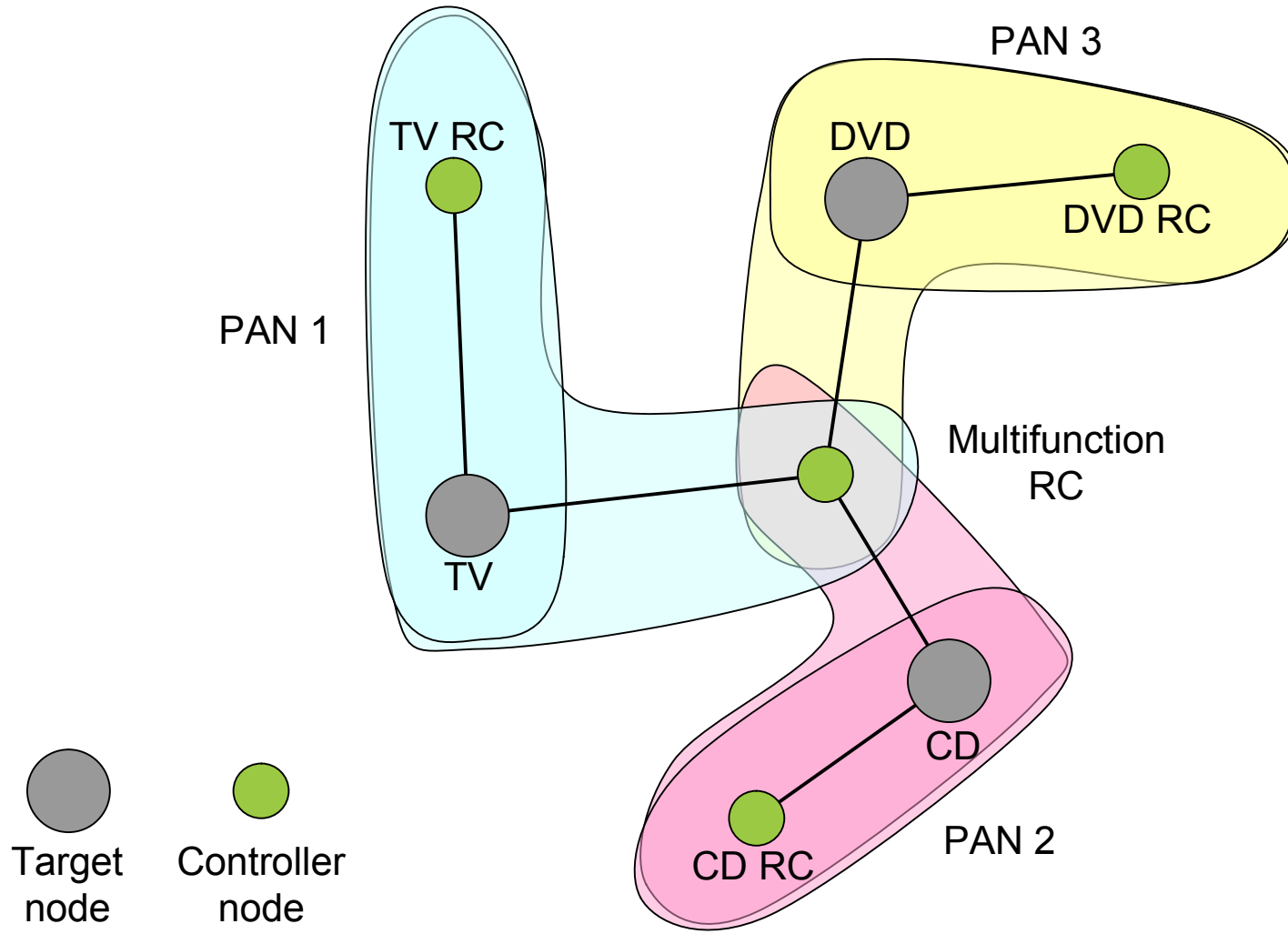
## **II. Controller node**

- **Initiates pairing and discovery process to Target Nodes**
- **Implements frequency agility**
- **On-demand communication**





# ZigBee RF4CE – example topology







# ZigBee RF4CE Mechanisms

- **Channel agile solution operating over three channels**
- **Incorporates power management mechanism**
- **Discovery mechanism**
- **Pairing mechanism**
- **Multiple star topology with inter-PAN communication**
- **Various transmission options including unicast, broadcast, acknowledged, unacknowledged, secured and un-secured**
- **Security mechanism**

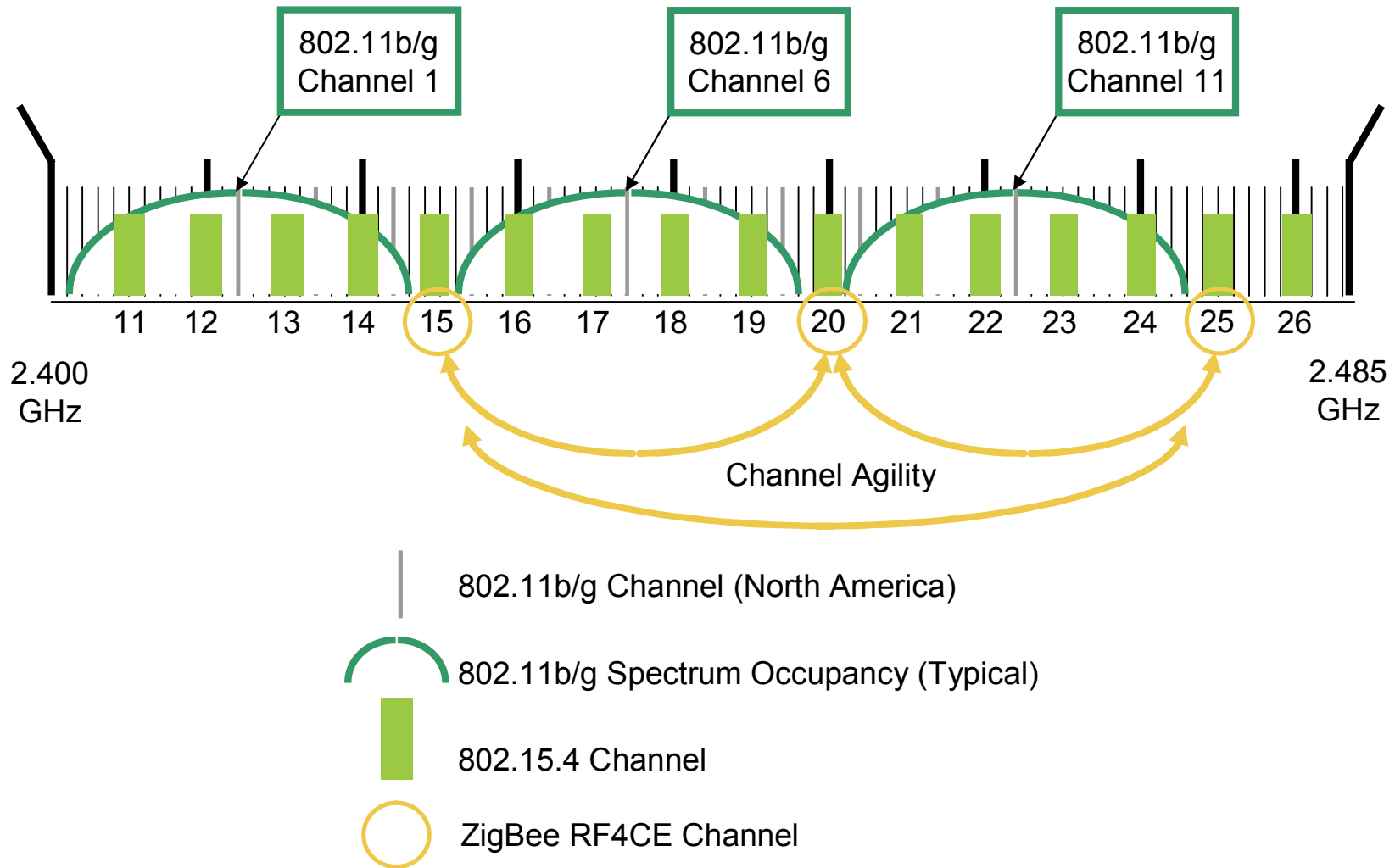


# ZigBee RF4CE Frequency Agility

- **ZigBee RF4CE Networks operate on IEEE 802.15.4 channels 15, 20 & 25**
  - Channel 15 – 2.425 GHz
  - Channel 20 – 2.450 GHz
  - Channel 25 – 2.475 GHz
- **All node types support frequency agility**
- **Target specifies PAN base frequency**
- **Target can switch frequency on adverse channel conditions**
- **Other nodes know where the target was and attempt to transmit**
- **If target not found, nodes re-acquire by trying each frequency**
  - Once found, new channel information is stored for future communications
  - Due to reduced number of channels in use this procedure is very fast



# ZigBee RF4CE Frequency Agility





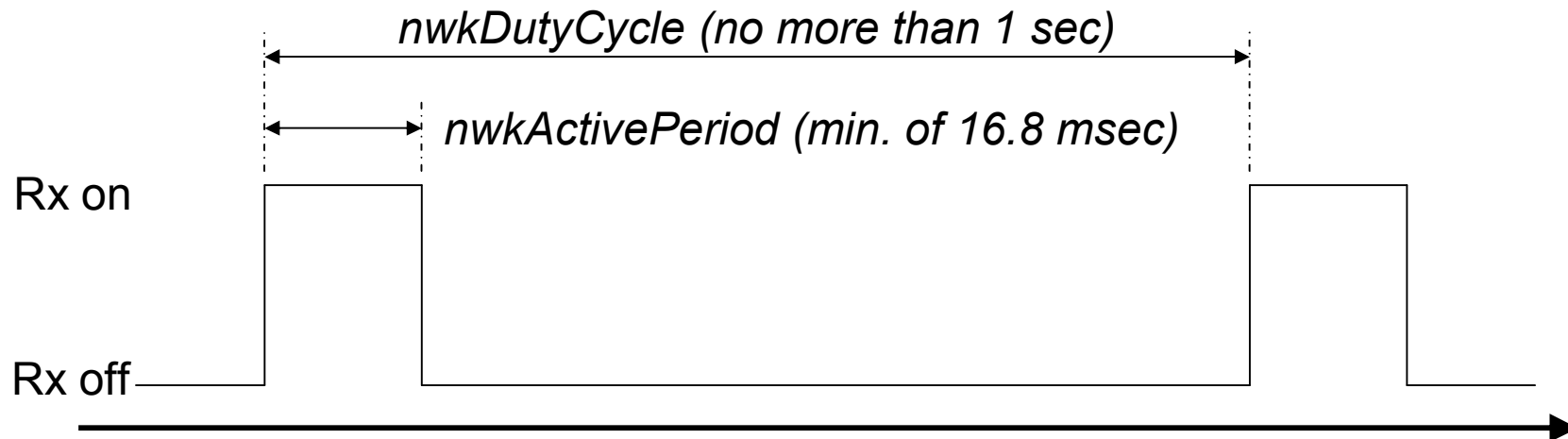
# ZigBee RF4CE Power Saving

- **RF4CE relies on IEEE 802.15.4 devices with very low power consumption**
  - **Example: Atmel AT86RF231**
  - **TX current**
    - with +3dBm TX power : **14 mA**
    - with minimum TX power : **7.5 mA**
  - **RX current:**
    - at highest sensitivity of -101dBm : **12.3 mA**
    - at reduced sensitivity < -101dBm : **11.7 mA**
  - **Sleep current: 20 nA**



# ZigBee RF4CE Power Saving

- **Two states for Power Save: Active (until event or defined duration) & Standby**
- **Controllers simply turn off when no buttons are being pressed**
- **Targets must also use power save when in standby**
  - But must ensure a (human) reasonable reaction time
- **Power saving utilizes**
  - Active period during which the device wakes
  - Duty cycle at which device repeats active period

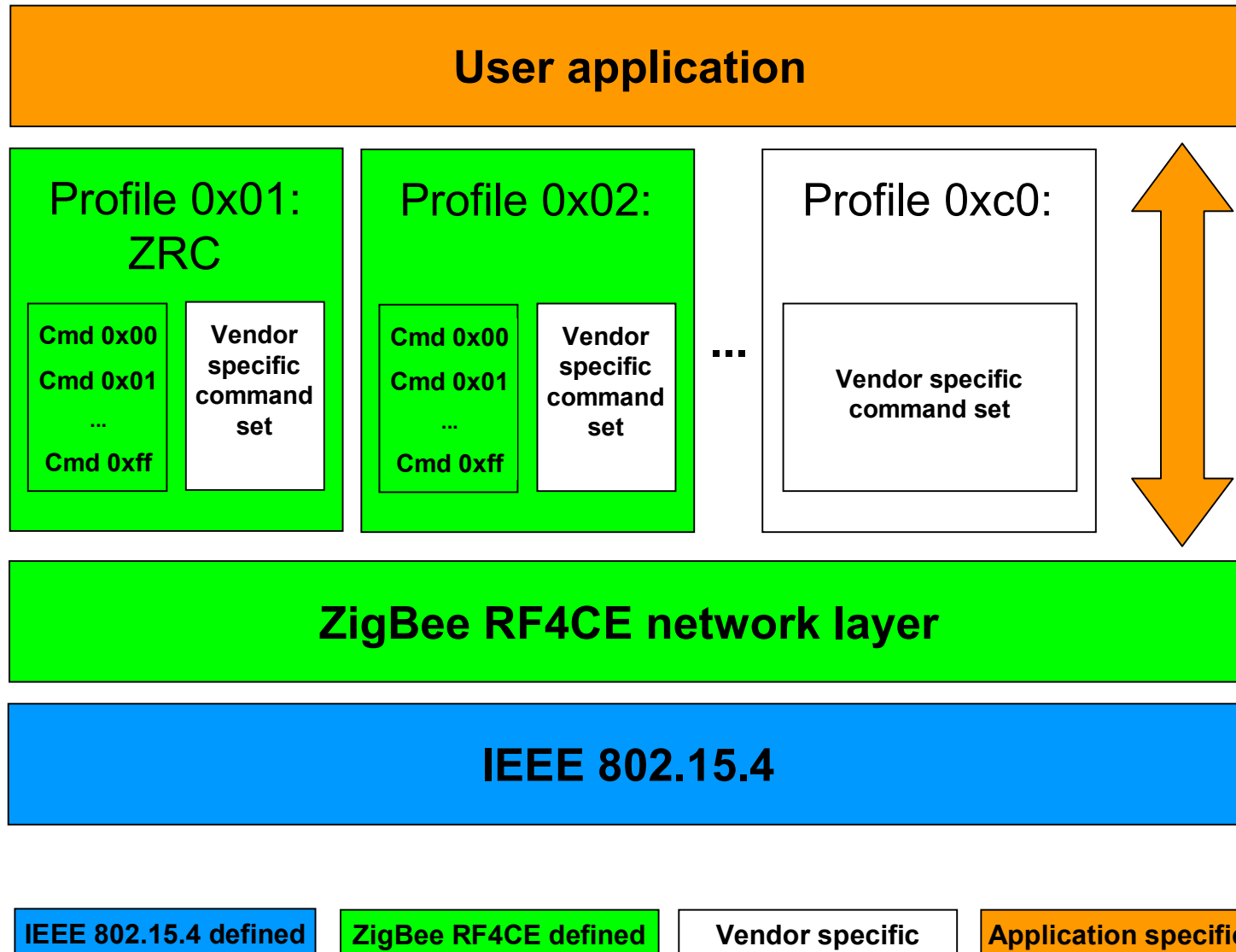


- **Security is established during pairing process**
- **Utilizes AES-128**
  - **Security mode: CCM\* (ENC-MIC-32)**
    - Data confidentiality (via payload encryption)
    - Data authentication (via Message Integrity Code)
    - Replay protection (via frame counter)
- **Nodes use 128-bit link keys**
  - **Keys are generated automatically, if security is supported**
  - **Keys are stored in the pairing table**



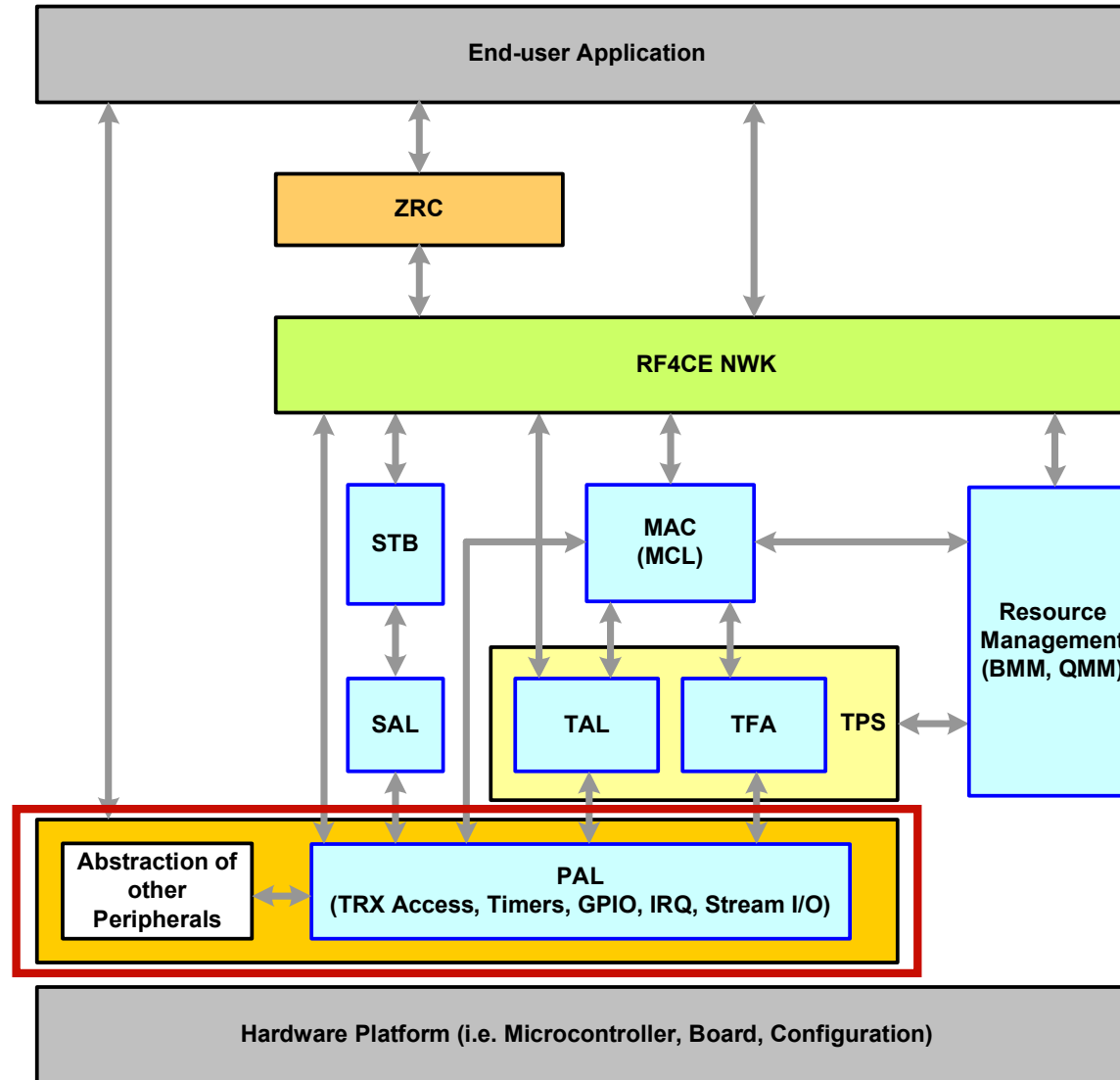


# ZigBee RF4CE stack architecture





# Atmels RF4Control stack specifics







# Atmels RF4Control stack specifics

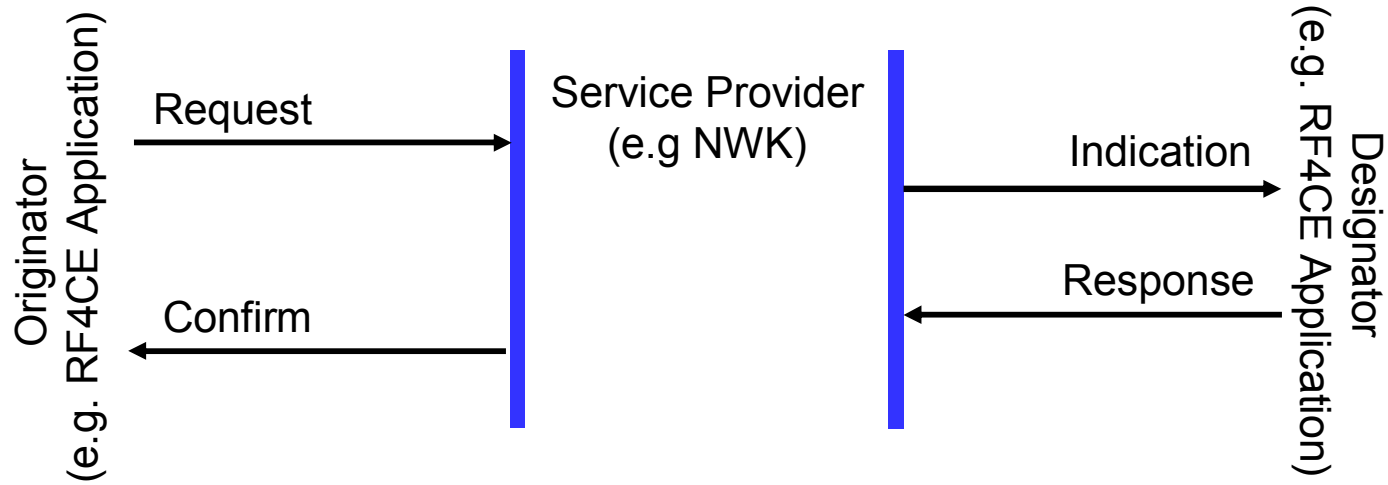
- **Small footprint:**

| Build Configuration* |              | Stack   | Basic Demo | Serial Interface | Key Remote Controller | Terminal Target |
|----------------------|--------------|---------|------------|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Controller           | w/o security | 17.8 kB | + 0.9 kB   | + 1.2 kB         | + 1.4 kB              | -               |
|                      | w/ security  | 20.8 kB | + 0.9 kB   | + 1.3 kB         | + 1.5 kB              | -               |
| Target               | w/o security | 25.2 kB | + 0.7 kB   | + 1.6 kB         | -                     | + 9.7 kB        |
|                      | w/ security  | 29.2 kB | + 0.8 kB   | + 1.6 kB         | -                     | + 9.8 kB        |
| Platform             | w/ security  | 29.6 kB | -          | + 1.6 kB         | -                     | -               |

\*) Implementations leave room for further footprint optimization.

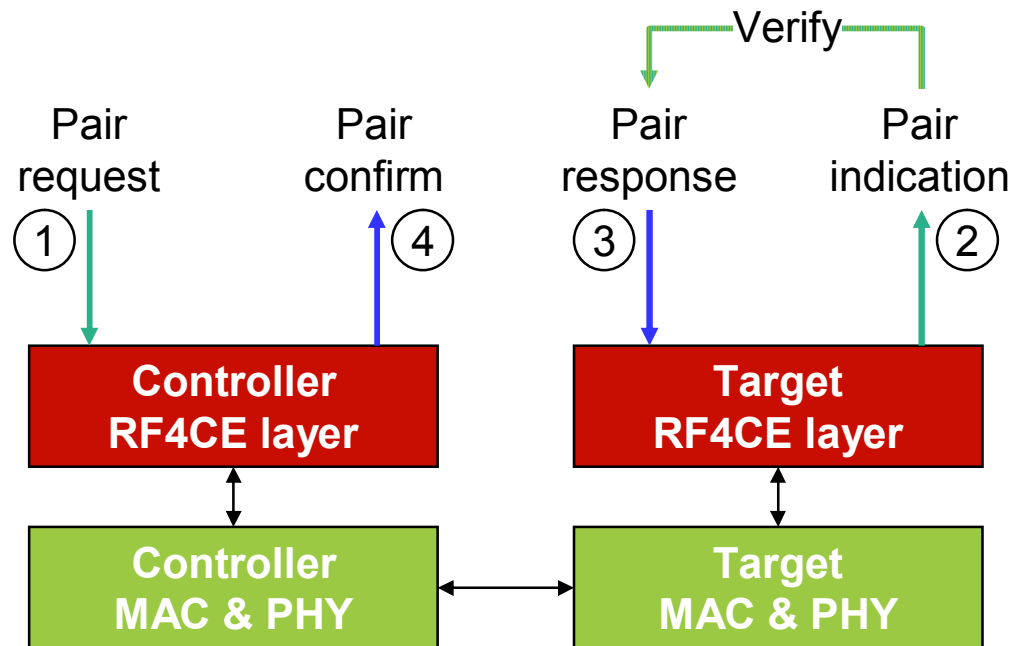
- **Stack packet also supports Atmels IEEE 802.15.4 transceiver AT86RF212**
  - **Allows development of RF remote controls with longer range and better wall penetration by using 780/868/915 MHz frequency bands**

- Concept of primitives



## Pairing with a target

- A device wants to pair with a target and asks the target for permission
- The target verifies that this particular controller is allowed to pair. If yes it will send a positive confirmation.





# ZigBee RF4CE - NLME primitives

- primitives for network management:

| Name                | Request  | Indication | Response | Confirm  |
|---------------------|----------|------------|----------|----------|
| NLME-AUTO-DISCOVERY | 3.1.2.1  |            |          | 3.1.2.2  |
| NLME-COMM-STATUS    |          | 3.1.2.3    |          |          |
| NLME-DISCOVERY      | 3.1.2.4  | 3.1.2.5    | 3.1.2.6  | 3.1.2.7  |
| NLME-GET            | 3.1.2.8  |            |          | 3.1.2.9  |
| NLME-PAIR           | 3.1.2.10 | 3.1.2.11   | 3.1.2.12 | 3.1.2.13 |
| NLME-RESET          | 3.1.2.14 |            |          | 3.1.2.15 |
| NLME-RX-ENABLE      | 3.1.2.16 |            |          | 3.1.2.17 |
| NLME-SET            | 3.1.2.18 |            |          | 3.1.2.19 |
| NLME-START          | 3.1.2.20 |            |          | 3.1.2.21 |
| NLME-UNPAIR         | 3.1.2.22 | 3.1.2.23   | 3.1.2.24 | 3.1.2.25 |
| NLME-UPDATE-KEY     | 3.1.2.26 |            |          | 3.1.2.27 |



# ZigBee RF4CE - NLDE primitives

- primitives for data transfer:

| Name      | Request | Indication | Confirm |
|-----------|---------|------------|---------|
| NLDE-DATA | 3.1.1.1 | 3.1.1.2    | 3.1.1.3 |



## ZigBee RF4CE - basic operation steps

- **Network start**
- **Discovery**
- **Pairing**
- **Data transfer**



# ZigBee RF4CE – Network start

- **Node initiates & configures stack**
- **Target performs active scan to identify potentially occupied channels**
- **based on network parameters like PAN ID, base channel etc.**
  - parameters are stored in network information base (NIB)
  - access to NIB with NLME-SET.request & NLME-GET.request
- **Primitives:**
  - **NLME-RESET.request**
    - resets RF4CE network layer
  - **NLME-START.request**
    - if device is configured as target (NIB) it initiates a active scan
    - defines PAN ID and operating channel



# ZigBee RF4CE - Discovery

- **RF4CE devices use discovery procedure to find devices that they can be paired to**
- **Discovery requests sent by originating device (e.g. RC)**
  - Use broadcast, multi-channel service so multiple devices can respond
    - This allows a list of devices in the “RF vicinity” to be built
  - performed on all channels until discovery response is received
    - “Discovery trial“
  - Discovery request contains originator informations like:
    - Node capabilities
    - Vendor information (Vendor ID)
    - Application information (“User String”, supported & requested device types )
- **Recipient devices normally inform application of discovery information**
  - Application decides whether to respond
  - Discovery response only sent if application approves





# ZigBee RF4CE - Discovery

- **Discovery response sent by recipient device (e.g. TV)**
  - Uses unicast service directly back to the originator (e.g. RC)
  - Discovery response contains recipient information
  - Targets can switch into automatic discovery response mode
    - only active for a certain timeframe
    - target automatically responds to discovery requests during that timeframe
- **Originator devices inform application of all discovery information**
  - Application decides whether to pair with a particular device
- **Primitives:**
  - **NLME-AUTO-DISCOVERY.request**
    - requests automatic discovery response mode
  - **NLME-DISCOVERY.request**
    - sends discovery requests on all channels
    - switches to next channel after certain duration & can repeat whole procedure



## ZigBee RF4CE - Pairing

- **After successful discovery of a potential node to pair with the device initiates a pairing sequence**
- **During that the target and the controller establish a secured link**
- **after successful pairing target and controller create an entry in their pairing table**
  - Contains addressing information
  - Application uses this entry via a reference
- **Pairing information is stored in non-volatile memory**
  
- **Primitives:**
  - **NLME-PAIR.request**
    - **initiates the pairing sequence**



## ZigBee RF4CE – data transmission

- **Data transmission only between paired devices**
  - can be acknowledged, unacknowledged, unicast, broadcast, single channel, multiple channel
- **data can be encrypted or unencrypted**
  
- **Primitives:**
  - **NLDE-DATA.request**
    - sends data to other node



# New application scenarios



## Paradigm change

- **ZigBee RF4CE will change the way we see and use remote controls**
  - **Technology that offers every device capable of handling user input to be used as control entity for consumer electronics**
  - **Due to the standards interoperability new application scenarios for controlling TV's, DVD players, home audio systems possible**
  - **Really „smart“ remote controls:**
    - „RF4CE Apps“ for Smartphones equipped with IEEE 802.15.4 radios can be provided and updated by the Vendor of the CE device
  - **Security allows transmission of sensitive data (e.g. direct TV home shopping)**
- **A few RF4CE application scenarios that already exist or will become reality very soon:**



- 1. Start RF4CE TV Control App**
  - Use App to switch TV to channel 1
- 2. Start RF4CE DVD Player Control App**
  - Use App to play DVD



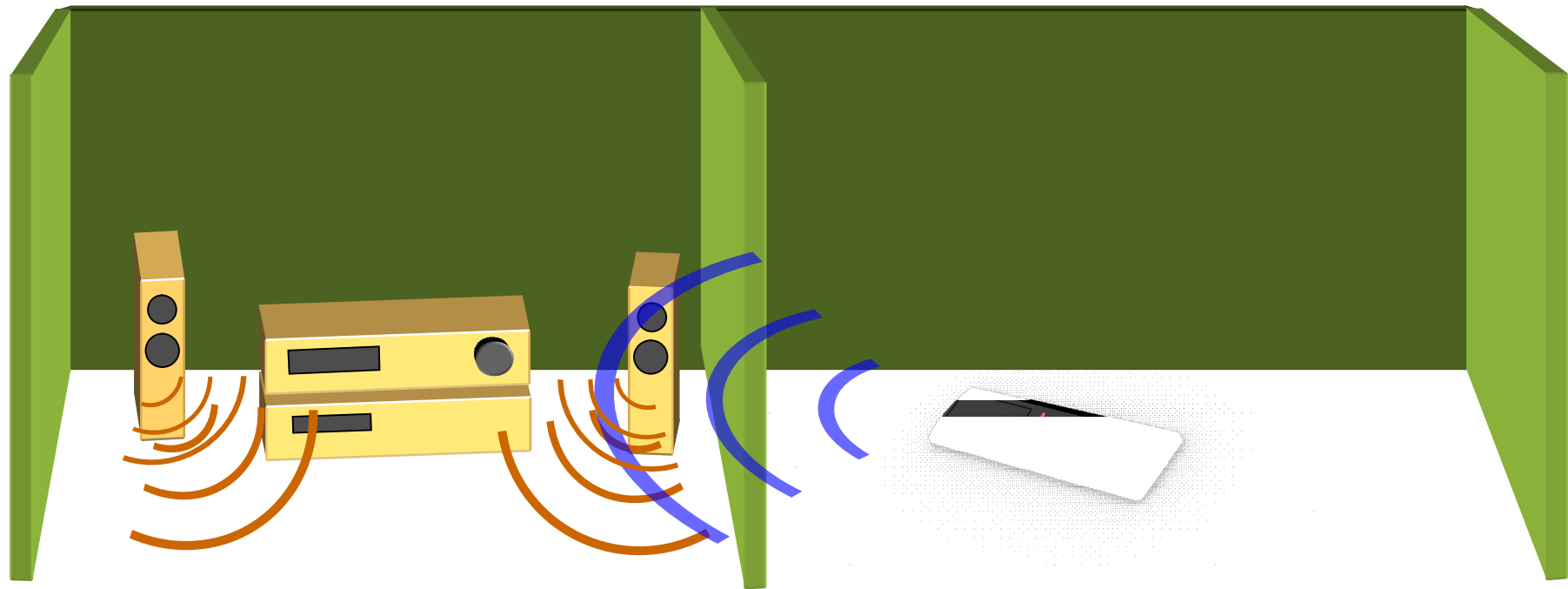
**1. TV Control App started**



**2. Air Condition Control App started**



# Control devices from other rooms







**...and many more !**

- **Vendors will come up with completely new application scenarios supported by ZigBee RF4CE**
- **You decide whats possible, RF4CE enables it**



**Thank you !**  
**どうもありがとう**